

provided, however, that any voting securities of an issuer shall be deemed outstanding if any person other than the issuer is entitled to exercise the voting rights thereof.

The provisions of this Section which have been made specifically applicable to a Trustee, shall apply to the Trustee and, if a separate trustee is appointed pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII of the Constitution, to any separate or co-trustee, except that in case of the appointment of a separate or co-trustee the appointment of a successor (subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section) shall be made by the Trustee or Trustees, and shall be returned by the provisions of Section 6 of Article XIII hereof.

(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section, if any Trustee shall be, or shall become, a creditor, directly or indirectly, secured or unsecured, of the obligor within four years prior to a default as defined in the last paragraph of this subsection, or subsequent to such a default, then, unless and until such default shall be cured, such Trustee shall set apart and hold in a special account for the benefit of such Trustee individually and for the benefit of the holders of any other indenture securities (as in the last paragraph of this subsection (a) defined)

(1) an amount equal to any and all reductions in the amount due and owing upon any claim as such creditor in respect of principal or interest, effected after the beginning of such four months' period and valid as against the obligor and all other creditors, except any such reduction resulting from

(2) all property received in respect of any claim as such creditor, either as security therefor, or in satisfaction or compensation thereof, or otherwise, after the beginning of such four months' period, or an amount equal to the proceeds of any such property, if disposed of, subject, however, to the rights, if any, of the obligor and its other creditors in such property or such proceeds.

(A) to retain for its own account (i) payments made on account of any such claim by any person (other than the obligor) who is liable thereon, and (ii) the proceeds of the bona fide sale of any such claim by such Trustee to a third person, and (iii) distributions made in cash, securities, or other property in respect of claims filed against the obligor in bankruptcy or receivership or in proceedings for reorganization pursuant to the Bankruptcy Act or applicable State law;

(c) To realize, for its own account, but only to the extent of the claim hereinafter mentioned, upon any property held by it as security for any such claim, if such claim was created after the beginning of such four months' period and such property was received as security thereafter simultaneously with the creation thereof; and if such Trustee shall sustain the burden of proving that at the time such property was so received such Trustee had no reasonable cause to believe that a default as defined in the last paragraph of this subsection would occur within four months; or

(D) to receive payment on any claim referred to in paragraph (B) or (C), against the release of any property held as security for such claim as provided in paragraph (B) or (C), as the case may be, to the extent of the fair value of such property.