SUPPLEMENT XI ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY B. C.
324 Exile of Demosthenes.
323 Death of Alexander at Babylon.
Alexander succeeded by Perdiccas
Regent.
Antipater in Macedonia.
Lysimachus in Thrace.
Cassander in Greece.
Antigonus in Syria.
Eumenes in Cappadocia.
Seleucus at Babylon.
Second Samnite War, lasts twenty-one
years.
Antipater, a Macedonia. B. C.

102 Victory of Marius over the Teutones at Aque Sexte (Aix).

Second Servile war breaks out in Sicily.

101 Victory of Marius over the Cimbri at Vercelle and end of the war.

Battle of Campus Raudius.

100 Birth of Julius Cesar.

C. Marius born 157 (died 86). Sixth Roman Consul.

L. App. Saturninus Tribune (Rome).

46 Ptolemy Apion leaves Cyrene.

55 Birth of Lucretius (died 55).

92 Sulla on the Euphrates.

99-88 The Social or Marsic War in Italy.

The Marsians, at first successful, are finally defeated.

83-84 First Mithridatic War.

Mithridates seizes Athens.

Civil War of Marius and Sulla and expulsion of Marius.

Sulla occupies Rome.

87 Marius retakes Rome.

Proscription.

86 Revolt and Siege of Egyptian Thebas. A. D.

193 Pertinax, emperor of Rome, is murdered. Didlus Julianus buys the empire. Is opposed by Pescennius Niger and Septimius Severus and killed.

194 Septimius Severus sole emperor. Defeat and death of Niger.

196 Severus captures Byzantium after a siege of three years.

197 Temple of the Sun at Baalbec. Battle of Lyons.

198 Caracalla named Augustus.

198 Caracalla named Augustus.

202 Persecution of the Christians.

204 Birth of Plotinus, philosopher (died 274).

209 Invasion of Britain by Severus. His wall completed, 220.

211 Death of Severus at York.

Caracalla and Geta emperors.

Roman citizenship extended to the whole empire.

212 Geta murdered.

Caracalla, sole emperor.

213 Death of Clement of Alexandria.

214 First contact of the Romans with the Alamanni German tribes on the upper Rhine.

217 Maerinus emperor.

218 Heliogabalus emperor.

229 Alexander Severus emperor.

221 Sextus Empiricus, philosopher, flourishes.

226 Dissolution of the Parthian Empire and C.

8 Tiberius defeats the Germans.
Diodorus Siculus, historian, flourished.

4 Birth of Jesus Christ, according to Usher's system.
Death of Herod, king of Judea. Macelon,

214—212 Siege and capture of Syracuse b
Marcellus.

214 First Commercial War.
Byzantium and Rhodes.

212 Battle of Anitorgis.
Greek works of art brought to Rome.

213 Greece concludes treaty with the Romans
against Philip V. of Macedon.
Defeat and death of the two Scipios in
Spain by Hasdrubal.
Capua recovered by Rome.
Conquest of Judea by Antiochus.
Hannibal before Rome.

208 Battle of Metaurus.
Battle of Metaurus;
Battle of Elinga.

307 Battle of the Metaurus; Hasdruba defeated and slain by the Romans.
Gold money first coined in Rome.
Ptolemy V. The decline of Egypt.

4 P. Cornelius Scipio conducts the war
in Africa.
Siege of Utica. Macedon, 214-212 Siege and capture of Syracuse by D.
Tiberius commands on the Rhine.
Birth of Seneca (died A. D. 65).
Judea a Roman province under Syria.
Destruction of the Romans under Varus and three legions by the Germans under Hermann.
Romans defeated by Charusci under Arminius. Second Samnite War, lasts twenty-one years.

Antipater, a Macedonian general, defeats Athens and allies.

322 Ptolemy I., surnamed Soter, receives the Egyptian Kingdom.

Phenicia annexed to Egypt by Ptolemy Soter I.

321 First war among the "successors of Alexander." and three legions by the Germans under Hermann.
Romans defeated by Charusci under Arminius.
Banishment of Ovid.
14 Death of Augustus Cesar.
Accession of Tiberius Cesar.
Accession of Tiberius Cesar.
Accession of Artatanus in Parthia.
14-16 Campaigns of Germanicus in Germany.
17 Germanicus in Parthia and the East.
19 Death of Germanicus.
War between Artabarus and Marbad.
20 Valerius Maximus.
M. Elino Sejanus dominant at Rome.
22 Pretorian camp at Rome.
23 Pretorian camp at Rome.
24 Pretorian camp at Rome.
25 Pontius Pilate Governor of Judea.
26-37 Tiberias retires to Capre.
30 The Crucifixion, according to Eusebius.
Lactantius, Augustine, Origen, and other authorities give A. D. 29 as the proper year.
Agrippina I. banished.
31 Marco, Perfect of Pretorians, upon fall of Sejanus:
37 Accession of Caligula, Rome.
Birch of Josephus (died 97).
40 Philo Senior ambassador to Rome.
Birch of Josephus (died 97).
41 Claudius Emperor of Rome.
42 Claudius con uers Mauretania.
Birth of Pulutarch—died 120.
41 Claudius con uers Mauretania.
Birth of Martial—died 104.
Lycia becomes a Roman province.
44 Judea and Samaria directly Roman.
45 Expedition of Claudius to Britain.
Successes of Aulus Plautius.
Birth of Martial—died 130 (?).
Thrace directly Roman.
The Frislans subdued by Rome.
50 Defeat and capture of Caractacus; taken prisoner to Rome.
Claudius marries Agrippiana II., and adopts Nero.
Claudius marries Agrippiana II., and adopts Nero.
51 South Britain a Roman province.
52 Agrippiana poisone Claudius and Nero becomes emperor.
53 Britannicus poisoned by Agrippiana.
Agrippiana murdered by Nero.
Parthia and 'Armenia at war.
53 Eraul at Malta.
54 Insurrection of the Britons under Boadicea.
55 Victory of Suetonius Paulinus.
56 Brith of Papinius Statius, poet; died 96. First war among the "successors of Alexander."
Battle of the Caudine Forks.
Romans terribly defeated by Pontius and pass under the Samnite yoke.
Ptolemy Soter takes Jerusalem.
Revolt of Phenicia.
Jewish settlements in Egypt and Cyrene.
Agathocles at Syracuse.
Thebes rebuilt by Cassander.
Conquest of Antigonus of Phrygia.
Palestine under Antigonus.
Roman victory at Cinna.
Samnite victory at Lantule.
Battle of Gaza.
Victory of Ptolemy and Seleucus over Demetrius Poliorcetes.
Pyrrhus king of Epirus.
Appius Claudius censor.
Appian Way and aqueduct.
The great Roman military road completed.
—160 Sandracottus, Indian empire. 87 Marius retakes Rome,
Proscription.
86 Revolt and Siege of Egyptian Thebas.
Death of Marius and return of Sulla.
Athens stormed by Sulla.
Birth of Sallust (died' 34).
85 Tigranes at war with Rome.
84 Sulla makes peace with Pontus, king of the Mithridates.
83 War with Marian party in Italy.
Tigranes I. of Armenia annexes Phrygia
83 Birth of Marcus Antonius (died 30).
82 Thebes destroyed.
8econd Civil War.
Victory at the Colline gate.
Occupation of Rome.
91 Sulla becomes Dictator.
92 Abdication of Sulla. Dies in 78.
The Cornelian Laws of Rome.
93 Civil war of Sertorius in Spain; and of Lepidus and Catulus in Italy.
83 Alexandra Queen of Judea. 204 P. Cornelius Scipio conducts the war in Africa.
Siege of Utica.
203 Hannibal leaves Italy.
Attalus and Rhodians war with Philip.
202 Defeat of Hannibal at Zama, in Africa, by Scipio Africanus.
201 Treaty of peace between Rome and Carthage; end of the Second Punic War.
200-197 First Macedonian War.
Allies attack Macedon and defeat Philip.
198 T. Quintus Flaminius proclaims liberty to the Greeks. ishes.
226 Dissolution of the Parthian Empire and Dissolution of the Parthlan Empire and end of Arecide.
Foundation of the new Persian Kingdom of the Sassanide by Ardshir (Arta-xerxes).

Uplan (lawyer) died.
Persian War begins.
Triumph of Severus.

Maximin murders Severus and succeeds to the throne.
Persecution of the Christians.
The Gordiani, Pupienus and Balbinu (jointly), and Gordianus III., emperors.
Gordianus defeats Sapor, King of Persia.
Gordianus murdered and succeeded by Phillip the Arabian.
Decius emperor of Rome.
Decius orders a persecution of the Christians. the Greeks.
Syria becomes independent of Egypt.
Battle of Cynocephale.
Phillp defeated by Flaminius.
Palestine and Cele-Syria conquered by Antiochus the Great, and confirmed to him by the peace with Rome.
The Rosetta Stone written.
Dynasty of Han, China, founded.
Hannibal joins Antiochus.
Birth of Hipparchus, first systematic astronomer. pleted.

312—160 Sandracottus, Indian empire.
311—309 The Etruscan War.
310 L. Papirius Cursor, Roman Dictator.
Agathocles defeated at Himera.
308 Fabius crosses Ciminian Hills; defeats
the Tuscans at Vadimon.
307—305 Naval war at Cyprus and Rhodes.
304 Siege of Rhodes by Demetrius.
301 Battle of Ipsis between Ptolemy Soter
and Antigonus. Lepidus and Catulus in Italy.
78 Alexandra Queen of Judea.
75 Nicomedes III. leaves Bithnia to Rome.
74-65 Third Mithridatic War.
74-66 Victories of Lucullus in Asia.
73-71 Servile war in Italy, led by Spartacus who is defeated and slain by Crassus.
70 Consulship of Pompey and Crassus.
81rth of Virgil (died 19).
82 Scythians expelled from India.
69 Victory of Lucullus over Tigranes.
67 Cesar begins to take part in public affairs. 304 Siege of Rnodes by Demetrius.
301 Battle of Ipsis between Ptolemy Soter and Antigonus.
Final division of Alexander's dominions.
40 Athenian democracy restored.
Chandrogupta (Sandracottus) reigns in India; makes a treaty with Seleucus.
Foundation of Antioch by Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
299 Athens besieged and taken by Demetrius.
293 Third Samnite War. (Samnites, Etruscans, Umbrians and Gauls.)
Gellius Egnatius, leader of the Samnites.
296 The Capitoline wolf.
295 Quintus Fabius defeats the Samnites,
Etruscans and Gauls at Sentinum.
292 Execution of C. Pontius.
290 The Third Samnite War ends in subjugation to Rome.
287 Birth of Archimedes (died 212).
286 The Hortensian Law passed at Rome;
plebiscita declared binding on all the people.
285 Ptolemy abdicates in favor of his son,
Philadelphus, who becomes Ptolemy II. tronomer. 192-188 War between the Romans and Antiotronomer.
-138 War between the Romans and Antiochus the Great.
Philopemen pretor of the Achean League.
Greece declared free from Macedon by Flaminius.
Philopemen defeats Nabis, of Sparta.
Sparta joins the Achean League.
Battle of Magnesia.
The laws and discipline of Lycurgus abrogated by Philippemen.
Death of Plautus.
Death of Hannibal and Sciplo.
Lycortas, general of the Achean League.
-174 Encroachments of Massinissa.
Ptolemy VI. reigns in Egypt.
The Villian Law, Rome.
Perseus King of Macedonia.
Embassy of Callicrates to Greece.
Pharnaces, of Pontus, cedes Paphlagonia to Rome.
Antiochus makes war on Egypt.
-1-68 Second Macedonian War.
Antiochus takes Jerusalem.
40,000 Jews slain and Temple pillaged.
Birth of Attius, Roman dramatist (died 76).
Bettle of Pydna: victory of Emilius Pau-250 Decius orders a persecution of the Christians.

First invasion of the empire by the Goths.

251 Death of Decius and his son.

Gallus emperor.

252 A pestilence breaks out in the empire and lasts fifteen years.

253 Irruption of the Goths and Burgundians into Mesia and Pannonia.

First appearance of the Franks in Gaulabout this time.

254 Valerian emperor. His son Gallienus associated with him.

Persecution of the Christians.

258 Trapezus taken by the Goths.

259 Sapor ravages Syria.

Valerian taken prisoner.

260 Gallienus sole emperor.

The Thirty Tyrants between 260 and 268.

262 The Goths in Macedonia and Asia Minor.

They destroy the Temple of Ephesus.

Antioch taken by Sapor.

263 The Franks invade Gaul.

267 The Heruli invade Greece, and are repulsed by Dexippus.

268 Claudius emperor.

269 Claudius defeats the Goths in Mesia.

270 Aurelian emperor of Rome.

Victories over the Goths and the Alafairs.
Pompey subdues the pirates.
Lucullus recalled.
Pompey sent into Asia and war ended.
Birth of Strabo, geographer (died A. I. 65 Birth of Horace (died B. C. 8).
Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Poi pey. 64 Birth of Messalla (died 4). St. Faul at Manager Board and Construction of the Britons under Board dicea.

Victory of Suetonius Paulinus.
Birth of Papinius Statius, poet; died 96.
Birth of Pliny the Minor; died 105.

64 Rome on fire six days.
Persecution of the Christians.
65 Deaths of St. Peter and St. Paul (?).
Deaths of St. Peter and St. Paul (?).
Deaths of St. Peter and Luscan.
Conspiracy of Piso.
Revolt of the Jews.
66 Josephus governor of Galillee.
67 Nero at the Olympic games.
68 Death of Nero.
Galba becomes emperor.
69 Civil war at Rome.
Otho kills himself.
Vitellius killed.
70 Jerusalem taken and destroyed? ince.
63 Jerusalem taken by the Romans under 63 Jerusalem taken by the Romans under Pompey.
Birth of Augustus.
Second conspiracy of Cataline suppressed by Cicero.
Orations of Cicero.
Lucullus founds Library at Rome.
Phenicia absorbed 'n the province of Syria.
60 Pompey, Cesar and Crassus form the first Roman Triumvirate.
Birth of Seneca (died 30).
59 Birth of Livy (died A. D. 17).
58 The Gallic War begins.
Cicero banished.
Cesar invades Gaul.
Helvetii and Ariovistus defeated.
57 Cyprus becomes a Roman province. Protein abducates in layer of his soin,
Philadelphus, who becomes Ptolemy II.
Under his reign Egypt rose to a high
rank among the nations in power and
wealth.
284 Alexandrian Library founded by Ptolemy 284 Alexandrian Library founded by Ptolemy Soter.
284 The Etolian League formed.
283 Kingdom of Pergamus founded.
Renewed Gallic and Etruscan War.
Second battle of Lake Vadimon.
281 Rome wars with Pyrrhus, king of Epirus.
Rome at war with Tarentum.
Lysimachus defeated and slain by Seleucus at Corupedion.
280 Achean League between twelve cities of Achea established.
Battle of Pandosia.
Romans defeated by Pyrrhus.
Birth of Chryssippus (died 207).
279 Irruption of the Gauls into Greece.
First Plebelan censor at Rome. 76).

168 Battle of Pydna; victory of Emilius Paulus over Perseus; Macedonia made a Roman province.

Eumenes II. visits Rome.

Antiochus Epiphanes takes Jerusalem.

Beginning of the Maccabean war of independence.

Athenians attack Oropus.

167 Judas Maccabeus defeats the Syriams and occupies Jerusalem, except the Cit-Aurelian emperor of Rome. Victories over the Goths and the Alamanni. Zenobia queen of Palmyra. Expedition of Aurelian to Palmyra. Capture of Palmyra and of Queen Ze-Vitellius killed.
7 Jerusalem taken and destroyed by Titus Civilis leads a Batavian revolt.
Vespasian emperor at Rome.
70-80 Colosseum at Rome built.
71 The gates of Janus closed.
Triumph of Vespasian and Titus.
Philosophers expelled from Rome.
Reform of Treasury, Rome.
71-75 The Stolc philosophers expelled from Rome by Vespasian. Heivetii and Ariovistus defeated.

7 Cyprus becomes a Roman province.
End of the Seleucide.
Cesar defeats the Belge and Nervii.

5-54 Cesar invades Britain.
Crassus plunders the Temple at Jerusalem; is defeated and killed by the Parthians at Carrhe, 53.

Cesar defeats Treviri and crosses the Rhine. nobia.
274 Birth of Constantine (died 337).
275 Tacitus emperor. and occupies Jerusalem, except the adel.
Romans ravage Epirus and Achea.
Rededication of the Temple.
One thousand Acheans imprisoned Probus emperor.
Probus drives the Alamanni from Gaul.
Carus emperor. 166 Rededication of the Temple.
One thousand Acheans imprisoned at Rome.
First comedy of Terence performed at Rome.
166-145 Hipparchus flourishes.
168 Rise of the Pharisees and Sadducees.
164 Death of Antiochus.
He is succeeded by Antiochus V. Eupator, who takes Bethoura, and besieges Jerusalem, but makes peace with the Jews.
Cyrene and Libya separate from Egypt.
163 Birth of M. Emilius Scaurus, Roman orator (died 90).
161 Victory of Judas Maccabeus at Adosa.
Embassy of Cameades, Diogenes and Critolans to Rome.
Death of Judas.
Alliance between Rome and Judea.
Jonathan Maccabeus succeeds Judas.
169 Bactrians in India.
159 Death of Terence.
155 Athenians fined by Rome.
153 War in Spain.
150-138 Lusitanian War.
Viriathus commands the Lusitanians.
49 Third Punic War begins.
Sciple invades Africa.
Andriscus in Macedonia.
16 Ptolemy VI. killed in battle.
Carthage taken by Sciple and destroyed by order of the Roman Senate.
Corinth taken and destroyed by Mummius.
Province of Africa constituted.
Greece becomes a Roman Province.
5 Ptolemy VII. reigns, marries Cleopatra, widow of Ptolemy VI.
Polyblus legislates for the Achean cities.
Demetrius Nicator in Syria.
17 The Tower of Zion taken by the Jews.
Judea becomes independent.
Rise of the Asmonean dynasty.
Birth of Antonius, Roman orator (died 70).
Sciplo Africanus (Minor) Roman Censor. Romans deleated by Pyllines.
Birth of Chryssippus (died 207).
279 Irruption of the Gauls into Greece.
First Plebelan censor at Rome.
Romans again defeated by Pyrrhus at
Asculum.
Rome and Carthage allied.
277 League between Athens. Sparta and
Egypt.
The Septuagint written.
The Gauls settle in Galatia.
276 Birth of Eratosthenes—died 196.
The great wall of China built (?)
274 Battle of Beneventum. Rome victorious
and Pyrrhus leaves Italy.
273 Egyptian embassy to Rome.
272 Antigonus Gonatus recovers Macedon.
268 Silver money first coined at Rome.
Hiero II. of Syracuse.
268 Berosus flourished.
Antigonus of Macedon takes Athens.
266 Rome supreme over all Italy.
267 First Punic War begins.
Carthage disputes Rome's Empire.
Chronology of Arundelian (Parian) marble ends.
268 First Roman fleet launched.
Victory of Duilius off Myle.
Rise of Parthia.
269 230 Reign of Asoka in India.
260 Parthia.
260 First Roman fleet launched.
Victory of Duilius off Myle.
Rise of Parthia.
260 Farthia.
261 Parthia.
262 Parthia.
263 Parthia becomes an independent kingthe Arsacide.
264 The Kingdom of Pactia.
265 Defeat and capture of Regulus by the
Carthaginians.
Evacuation of Africa.
276 Parthia becomes an independent kingdom under Arsaces.
Dynasty of Tsin in China founded.
277 Ptolemy III. makes war on Syria.
Restores the Egyptian gods carried off
by Cambyses 525 B. C.
Birth of Hannibal—died 183.
265 Aratus of Sicyon, general of the Achean
Leagues.
267 Defeat of Carthaginians by Catulus at Rome by Vespasian.

Rome by Vespasian.

Agricola commands in Britain.
Titus becomes Roman emperor.

Herculaneum and Pompeli destroyed by an eruption of Vesuvius.

Death of Pilny the Elder.
The Laocoon group sculptured.

Advance of Agricola to the Tay.

Amphitheatre of Verona built.

Domitian emperor of Rome.

Rome wars with Chatti.

Paris (Pantomime) killed.

Agricola defeats the Caledonians, and salls around and subdues Britain.

Agricola recalled to Rome.

Rome wages an unsuccessful war agains Gate or Dalia.

Quadi and Marcomanni.

Insurrection of Antonius suppressed.

Rome persecutes Jews and Christians.

St. John banished to Patmos. Birth of Tibulius (died 18).

52-51 Cesar conquers Vercingetorix and Alesia.

Murder of Claudius by Milo.

51 Subjugation of Gaul completed, and becomes a Roman province.

50 Quintus Sextius (Stoic) flourished.

40 Civil war between Cesar and Pompey.
Pompey driven from Italy.
The Pompelans defeated in Spain.
Cesar dictator.

43 Battle of Pharsalia.
Cesar defeats Pompey.
Murder of Pompey in Egypt.
Ptolemy Dionysus and Cleopatra inherit
Egyptian throne.

47 Cesar again dictator.
War in Egypt.
Partial destruction of the library of Alexandria destruction of the library of Alexandria Cesar defeats Pharnaces at Zela.

46 The African War.
Battle of Thapsus.
Suicide of Cato.
Reformation of the calendar by Cesar.
His triumphs. Birth of Tibullus (died 18). 52-51 Cesar conquers Vercingetorix iocletian emperor of Rome. Maximian joint emperor with Diocletian.
Revolt of Carausius in Britain.
Victory of Carausius over Maximian.
Constantius and Galerius named Ce-292 Constantius and Galerius named Cesars.

Division of the empire.
293 Britain recovered by Constantius.
297 Siege of Alexandria by Diocletian.
Persian War.
298 Constantius defeats the Alamanni near
Langres.
Defeat of Narses.
303 Persecution of the Christians by Diocletian. 303 Persecution of the Christians by Diocletian.
305 Abdication of Diocletian and Maximian.
Constantius and Galerius emperors.
Beginning of monasticism in Egypt under St. Anthony.
306 Death of Constantius at York.
Constantius emperors.
307 Revolt of, Maxentius.
Six emperors.
Elevation of Licinius.
311 Rome proclaims Christianity.
Edict of Nicomedia to stop the persecution of the Christians.
312 Defeat and death of Maxentius.
313 Defeat and death of Maximian.
Edict of Milan, by Constantine and Licinius, for general religious toleration.
Britain subdued.
314 War between the two emperors.
316 Birth of St. Martin, Bishop of Tours.
327 Constantine sole emperor.
328 Constantine sole emperor.
329 Constantine founded; dedicated as the capital of the empire, 330 (or 334).
320 First General Council of the Church meets at Nicea.
321 Athanasius Patriarch of Alexandria. 96 Domitian killed.
Nerva becomes emperor.
Polycarp, Bishop of Smyrna, born (died 166).
96-98 Relief of taxes and distribution of lands. His triumphs.

45 War in Spain.
Battle of Munda; defeat of the lands.

98 Trajan emperor of Rome.
Plutarch flourishes.
103 Birth of Justin Martyr (died 166).
103-107 Subjugation of Dacia.
104 Birth of Herodes Atticus, antiquarian (died 180).
114-117 Trajan's expedition to the East.
117 Hadrian emperor.
He abandons the conquests of Trajan.
The Euphrates made the eastern boundary of the empire.
120 Hadrian visits Gaul and Britain.
Statues of Antonous (Hadrian's page).
Birth of Ireneus Bishop of Lyons, died 200. peians.
Cesar Pater Patrie Imperator, for life
Dictator.
First year of Julian calendar.
44 Assassination of Cesar by Brutus, Cas
sius and others. Flight of the assas sius and others. Flight of the assa:
sins.
Antony becomes master of Rome.
Corinth and Carthage rebuilt.
43 Cleopatra poisons her brother
and reigns alone.
Battle of Mutina.
Second Triumvirate—C. Octavius, M. Antony, M. Lepidus.
Cicero put to death.
Birth of Ovid (died A. D. 18).
End of the Ragida.
42 Battle of Philippi. meets at Nicea.

326 Athanasius Patriarch of Alexandria.
Controversy with Arius.
336 Death of Arius.
337 Constantine II., Constans and Constantius II. joint emperors.
Nephilas Meso—Gothic gospels.
338 Death of Eusebius.
339 Death of Eusebius.
340 Birth of St. Jerome—died 420.
347 Synod of Sardica.
341 Ufilas Bishop of the Goths (died 388).
350-'52 Revolt of Magentius. Defeated by Constantius.
354 Birth of St. Augustine (died 430).
357 Victory of Julian over the Alamanni at Argentoratum (Strasburg).
361 Julian emperor.
362 Julian recalls the banished bishops, and proclaims general religious toleration.
363 Persian War. Birth of Ireneus Bishop of Lyons, died 200.

Birth of Lucian, died 200.

Hadrian's walls built—Newcastle to Carlisle—Rhine to the Danube.

Birth of Marcus Aurelius, died 180.

First apology for the Christians presented at Athens by Quadratus and Aristides.

Birth of Appuleius.
Birth of Galen, died 200.

Hadrian rebuilds Jerusalem.

Second Jewish War.

Barchochebas, leader of the Jews.
Edictum perpetuum of Hadrian.

Dispersion of the Jews.

Antonius Plus, emperor.

The empire at peace.
Faustina I. flourishes.

Wall of Antoninus (Graham's Dyke) built. Leagues.

241 Defeat of Carthaginians by Catulus at the Egates Insule.
End of the First Punic War.
Sicily made a Roman Province.
Atalus, King of Pergamus.
Agis IV. killed at Sparta.

240 The plays of Livius Andronicus exhibited (the first tragedies) at Rome.
238 Date of the decree of Canopus; tablet of San. 142 Scipio Africanus (Minor) Roman Censor 140 Birth of Crassus, Roman orator (diec 2 Battle of Philippi.
2 Defeat and death of Brutus and Cassius,
The Triumviri masters of the Roman world. Simon made hereditary prince of the Jews.

Death of Viriathus—Rome.

Macedon formally absorbed by Rome.

Birth of L. Cornelius Sulla (died 78).

Hycanus Governor of Judea.

1-132 Servile War in Sicily.

Sicilian slaves rebel, are conquered and slain.

Laws of Tiberias Gracchus passed at Rome.

Gracchus murdered. 41 Meeting of Antony and Cleopatra at Tarsus.
40 Herod the Great made king of the Jews.
Library of Pergamus to Alexandria.
37 Jerusalem taken by Herod and the
Romans. of San. 237 Conquest of Spain attempted by the Car-Agrippa crosses the Rhine.
6 Sextus Fompelus driven from Sicily (put to death 35). thaginians. Seizure of Sardinia and Corsica by the Gracchus murdered.
Kingdom of Pergamus bequeathed
Rome. Romans.

235 The gates of the Temple of Janus at Rome shut for the first time since Numa. No war existing at the time.

234 Birth of M. Porcius Cato—died 149.

233 Antigonus Doson in Macedon.

229 Ahens joins the Achean League.

227 Cleomenic War with Achean League begins. 363 Persian War.
Julian killed.
Jovian emperor Lepidus deprived of power.

Defeat of Antony in Parthia. Wall of Antoninus (Graham's Dyke)
built.

139 Conquests of Lollius Urbleus in Britain.
140 Vallum Antonio in Britain.
145-175 Fustiana II. flourishes.
147 Development of Roman civil laws.
150 Establishment of schools in Roman prov-Defeat of Antony in Parthia.

4 Antony invades Armenia.

War between Octavius and Antony.

Battle of Actium.

Establishment of the Roman Empire.

Battle of Actium. Octavius successful.

Suicide of Antony and Cleopatra.

Criticism of the best Attic Literature:

Rome.

The Gets of Janus Shut. Jovian emperor.

364 Valentinian and Valens joint emperors. Final division of the empire.

367-'69 Theodosius in Britain; aids Britons against Piets and Scots.

370 The Saxons land on the coasts of Gaul.

373 Death of Athanasius.

375 War with the Quadi.

Gratian emperor of the West with Valentinian II.

Invasion of the Huns.

376 Valens allows the Huns to settle in Thrace.

377 Birth of St. Patrick (died 493?).

378 Constantinople threatened by the Goths.

379 Theodosius the Great, Emperor of the East.

381 Second General Council held at Con-130 Demetrius Nicator, Syria, restored. 129 Hycranus subdues Idumea and Samaria and destroys Temple at Gerizim. and destroys Temple at Gerlzin.

Silse of the Essenes.

Fluvius Flaccus and L. Drusus popular

Roman leaders.

L. Caelius Antipater, Roman jurist, flourished. gins.

226 Reforms of Cleomenes at Sparta.

225 Invasion of Cisalpine Gaul and battle of Clusium. Rome victorious.

222 Ptolemy IV. reigns in Egypt.

Defeats Antiochus III. of Syria at Rainces. 161 Marcus Aurelius and Lucius Verus joint Rome.

29 The Gates of Janus Shut.

27 Cesar Octavius is made Emperor unter the title of Augustus Cesar.

Pantheon dedicated by Agrippa.

25 Tiridates seeks Roman court.

24 Defeat of Romans in Arabia.

23 Death of Marcellus.

21 Augustus Cesar founds Confederacy (Raconian cities.

20 Roman standards restored by Parthia.

India embassy to Rome.

28 Death of Dionysius of Halicarnassus.

17-7 Temple at Jerusalem rebuilt by Herod.

Agrippa invades Asia.

Cappadocia created a province of Rome.

16 German war; Roman defeat under Lol
lius.

15 Victories of Drusus over the Rheti emperors.
161-166 Pestilence and famine at Rome.
162 Rome wars with Parthia.
163 Persecution of Christians.
166 Polycarp suffers martyrdom.
167-180 War with the Marcomanni, Quadi, Scipio takes and destroys Numantia. 123 Scipio takes and destroys Numantia.
Roman Colony sent to Carthage.

121 Civil war in Rome arising from Agrarian troubles—Caius Gracchus is murdered.

Metullius leader of Roman Senate.

120 Parthians subdue Bactria.

117 Ptolemy VIII. reigns jointly with his mother, Cleopatra.

116 Birth of Varro (died 28).

113 The Teutones and Cimbra invade Gaul.

111-106 The Jugurthine War—peace concluded. phia. Gallia Cisalpina becomes a Roman Prov ince.

221 Eattle of Sellasia.

Aratus and Antigonus take Sparta.

Philip V. of Macedon.

Alliance between Philip and Acheans
against Etolians.

220 Hasdrubal assassinated in Spain.

219 Antiochus overruns Palestine.
Siege of Saguntum by Hannibal.
Second Illyrian war. 167-180 War with the Marcomanni, Quadi, etc.
Greek philosophers patronized by Rome.
169 Death of L. Verus.
Marcus Aurelius sole emperor.
175 Rome quells rebellion in Syria.
177 Christians in Gaul persecuted.
Advance of the Goths.
178 Goths attack Dacia.
180 Commodus emperor of Rome.
Statue of Aurelius erected.
Perennis prefect of Pretorians.
183 Successes of Ulpius Marcelius in Britain.
184 Commodus takes the name of Britanicus.
185 Birth of Origen (died 253).
186 Cleander perfect of Pretorians.
190 Birth of Tertullian (died 240).
192 Britanicus as gladiator, killed. East.
331 Second General Council held at Constantinople.
Pagan rites prohibited.
382 Alaric King of the Goths.
383 Revolt of Maximus in Britain.
390 Final suppression of Paganism.
Massacre at Thessalonica.
Death of Gregory at Nazianzus.
393 Honorius Emperor of the West.
394 Theodosius master of the whole Roman world. ed. War renewed two years later. Metellus and Marius defeat Jugurtha as Second Illyrian war.
Second Punic War begins.
Hannibal marches from Spain across the
Pyrenees and the Alps into Italy.
Battles of the Ticinius and the Trebia,
and defeat of Scipio. Metellus and Marius defeat Jugurtha and subjects Numidia.

109-101 War of Rome with the Cimbri and Teutones.

109 Hyrcanus destroys the Samaritan temple on Mount Gerizim.

Atricus born (died B. C., 32).

106 Birth of Pompey and of Cicero. 16 Victories of Drusus over the Rheti.
12 Invasion of Germany by Drusus.
11-9 Campaigns of Tiberias in Pannonia and Dalmatia.
9 Death of Drusus. Hannibal passes the Apennines.
Battle of Lake Trasimene, Flaminius defeated world.
395 Death of Theodosius.
Arcadius Emperor of the East.
The Huns invade the eastern province

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