				HISTOPY		
			, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN		1861 Confederate privateer "Nashville" escapes	
÷.	1823 The Monroe doctrine, June 18. First gas company in New York. First teachers' seminary opened in Con-	1837 Great financial crash and panic through- out the country. Harnden originates the express business.	1848 Great fire in St. Louis. Prof. Webster murders Dr. Parkman, Nov. 23.	1858 Dispute with England respecting the right of search. Completion of the first Atlantic telegraph,	from Charleston, S. C., Oct. 11.	
	cord, Vt. 1824 The principles of Robert Owen preached. Pins first made by machinery.	Michigan admitted into the Union. 1838 First zinc produced in the country. Wilkes' exploring expedition to the South	United States gold dollar first coined. California adopts a constitution prohib- iting slavery.	August. Death of Thomas H. Benton, April 15. Congress passes bill admitting Kansas un-	Escape of Mason and Slidell from Charles- ton.	
	<ul> <li>First reformatory school founded in New York.</li> <li>Act passed to protect and encourage cot-</li> </ul>	Pole. United States Bank suspends specie pay-	Death of James K. Polk, June 15. 1849 Filibustering expeditions against Cuba	der pro-slavery constitution, Aug. 30. Exciting campaign of Lincoln and Douglas in Illinois.	Battle of Fredericktown, Mo.; flight of Jeff Thompson, Oct. 21. Recapture of Lexington, Mo., by Union	•
	ton manufacturers. Convention with Great Britain to sup-	ment, Oct. 5. Mormon war in Missouri. 1840 Intense political excitement.	forbidden by the President. Visit of Father Mathew, the temperance advocate.	Minnesota admitted as a state, May 18. Seward announces his "irrepressible con-	troops. Gen. Sherman appointed to the command	
•	press slave trade, March 13. Convention with Russia in relation to orthwest boundary, April 5.	The Log Cabin campaign. Election of William Henry Harrison as President.	Capt. Minie invents the Minie conical bullet. Mason and Dixon's line surveyed.	flict" doctrine. Kansas rejects the pro-slavery constitution by overwhelming majority, Aug. 3.	Oct. 21.	
	Arrival of Lafayette on a visit to the U.S. Election of John Quincy Adams as Presi-	Goodyear invents vulcanized rubber. The first steam fire engine constructed by Ericsson.	Cholera visits the United States, severe at Cincinnati and St. Louis. California Constitution formed at Mon-	First message across the Atlantic cable, from Victoria to the President, Aug. 16. Peruvians capture two American vessels.	Zagonyi defeats Confederates at Spring- field, Mo., Oct. 29. Gen. Scott resigns command of the army.	
	dent. 1825 The Capitol at Washington completed.	Sub-Treasury bill becomes a law, June 30.	terey. Great riot at Astor Place Opera House,	Burning of steamship "Austria," Ham- burg to New York; nearly 500 lives	Gen. McClellan succeeds him.	
	First edge tool manutactory established. Smith, a trapper, performs the first over- land journey to California, and found	First Washingtonian Society founded. Adams' Express Company organized. Wilkes discovers Antarctic continent.	New York. 1850 Treaty with England for a transit way across Panama.	lost. 1859 The Island of San Juan, near Vancouver's Island, occupied by United States	Commodore Wilkes, of "San Jacinto," takes Southern Commissioners, Mason	
	Folsom. Departure of Lafayette for France, Sept. 7.	1841 William H. Harrison inaugurated, March 4, dies April 4; John Tyler, Vice-Presi- dent, inaugurated President, April 6.	French Ambassador dismissed from Wash- ington. Death of John C. Calhoun, March 31.	troops. The Fenian organization perfected. Treaty with Paraguay signed, Feb. 10.	and Slidell, from British steamer "Trent," in West Indian waters. Port Royal bombarded, Nov. 7.	
	1826 Deaths of Thomas Jefferson and John Adams. Convention with Great Britain concern-	McLeod difficulty. Webster's (Noah) Dictionary first pub- lished.	Congress passes the Oregon Donation Law. Uncle Tom's Cabin first published.	Oregon admitted as a State, Feb. 14. Drake bores first oil well at Titusville, Pa.	Battle of Belmont; Grant's first fight. Capture of Tybee Island, commanding Savannah, taken Dec. 20.	·
	ing indemnities. Fiftieth anniversary of American Inde-	Sub-Treasury bill repealed, Aug. 9. Bankruptcy Act becomes a law, Aug. 18.	Watches first made by machinery. Fugitive Slave Law passed.	Great storm in the Northern and South- ern States.	Charleston Harbor shut by sinking stone fleet, Dec. 21. Gatling gun invented by J. Gatling.	
	* pendence, July 4. Great anti-mason excitement. Abduction of William Morgan.	Imprisonment for debts due the govern- ment abolished. Greeley establishes the New York Tri-	Death of Zachary Taylor, July 9. Grinnell Arctic Expedition sails. California admitted as a Free State,	Daniel E. Sickles shoots Philip Barton Key, Feb. 27. Kansas Free State party frames a State	Death of Sam Houston, Oct. 8. Kentucky admitted into Confederate	
	Baron Von Humboldt visits the United States. Opening of the Eric Canal, Oct. 26.	bune. 1842 Kingford produces the first sample of pure corn starch.	Sept. 9. New Mexico and Utah organized as ter- ritories, Sept. 9.	constitution at Wyandotte. Vicksburg Convention declares in favor of reopening slave trade, May 11.	States, Dec. 9. Battle of Martinsburg, Va.; Gen. Pope, Union, captures 1,300 prisoners, Dec.	
	Duel between Henry Clay and John Randolph.	Mutiny on United States brig of war "Somers" instigated by Midshipman	Visit of Jenny Lind to America, Sept. 12. Dahlgren invents the cast-iron gun.	Publication of Worcester's Unabridged Dictionary.	18. 1862 Indian massacre in Minnesota.	
	Delano's first fire-proof safes. 1827 Treaty with Creek Indians concluded. Treaty with the Kansas Indians, and the	Spencer. The Fourier community excitement. Fremont's expedition to the Rocky Moun-	1851 Appearance of the great sea serpent. Completion of Erie railroad. Corner-stone of Capitol extension laid,	San Juan Island occupied by General Har- ney, July 9. Appearance of the potato bug.	Battle of Blue Gap, Va., Jan. 8. Death of John Tyler, Jan. 8. "Ericsson" Monitor launched at Green-	
. [	great and little Osages. Treaty with the Republic of Colombia. Continued intense excitement over the	tains. Ashburton or first Washington Treaty signed, with England, Aug. 9.	July 4. First Asylum for Idiots established in New York.	Election of Republican officers in Kansas, Dec. 6. Comstock Great Bonanza Mine purchased	point, Jan. 30. Edwin M. Stanton, of Pennsylvania, be- comes Secretary of War, Simon Cam-	
	"Morgan affair." First railroad built at Quincy, Massa-	Bunker IIIII monument completed. Termination of war with Seminoles.	California Vigilance Committee formed. American yacht victorious at regatta in	for an Indian pony and a quantity of whisky.	eron, of Pennsylvania, retiring Jan. 13. Battle of Mill Springs, Ky.; Zollicoffer	
	chusetts, and operated by horse power. 1828 Passage of the Protective Tariff Bill. Sundpaper and emery first made.	Lucifer matches first made by machinery. President vetoes bill for National Bank. Dorr rebellion in Rhode Island.	London, Eng. Frightful catastrophe at public school building, New York.	Treaty with Mexico signed. Grand Embassy from Japan, with treaty of peace, etc.	defeated by Union troops, under Gen. George H. Thomas, Jan. 19. Fort Henry, on Tennessee River, captured	
	First locomotive introduced from Eng- land, by the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.	Bankrupt Act repealed, March 3. Death of Dr. Channing, Oct. 2. 1843 William Miller and the "Millerites."	Congressional Library destroyed by fire, Dec. 24. 1852 Dispute with England about the fish-	Tour of the Prince of Wales. Hall's expedition to the Polar Sea. Arrival at New York of the Great Eastern,	. by naval forces, under Commodore A. H. Foote, Feb. 6. Roanoke Island, N. C., captured by Gen.	. · · ·
·	Baltimore and Ohio railroad commenced. Congress makes provision for officers of	\$30,000 voted by Congress to aid Morse to establish telegraph lines.	- eries. Expedition to Japan, under Com. Perry.	June 28. 1860 Election of Mr. Pennington as Speaker of	Burnside and Commodore Goldsborough, Feb. 8.	
	the revolutionary war. Democrat and Republican first chosen by their respective political parties.	Fremont explores Columbia River, Wil- lamet Valley, and Klamath Lake. Great comet visible during the day.	First street-railway in New York. Deaths of Henry Clay, June 26, and Daniel Webster, Oct. 24.	the House. Abraham Lincoln elected President, Nov. 6. South Carolina passes the "Ordi-	Fort Donelson, Tenn., surrendered to Gen. Grant, Feb. 16. Confederate Congress meets at Richmond,	
	General Jackson elected President. Treaty of Peace with Brazil and Buenos Ayres.	Death of Noah Webster. Wilder's patent for fire-proof safe. 1844 Explosion of the gun, the "peace-mak-	Treaty of Commerce with Chill. Branch mint established in San Fran- cisco.	<ol> <li>South Carolina passes the "Ordi- nance of Secession," being the first State of the Union to secede, Dec. 20. Meeting of Senatorial Committee of Thir-</li> </ol>	Jefferson Davis Inaugurated President of	
	Planing mill first patented. 1829 Andrew Jackson, President, opposes the	er," killing the Secretaries of Navy and State.	Franklin Pierce elected President. 1853 Crystal Palace, New York, opened.	teen, Dec. 21. Major Anderson transfers his command	Feb. 22. Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark.; Gen. Mo-	
	project to recharter the Bank of the United States. Independence of Mexico recognized.	Commercial treaty with China. First telegraph line from Washington to Baltimore.	Treaty with Mexico, for purchase of Arizona. Treaty with Russia.	from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter. The Parrott gun invented by Robert R. Parrott.	Culloch killed, March 8. Confederate ram "Merrimac" sinks "Cum- berland" and "Congress," U. S. naval	
	Webster's great speech in Congress, Jan. 26. Virginia passes resolution against Tariff	First anti-slavery candidate nominated for the presidency. The "Midas," first American steamboat,	Explorations for a transcontinental rail- way.	1861 Mississippi secedes, Jan. 9. Florida secedes, Jan. 10. Alabama secedes, Jan. 11.	vessels, in Hampton Roads, Va., March 8. "Monitor," U. S. iron-clad, attacks and	1
	bill. First Asylum for the Blind established. First Horticultural Society formed.	rounds Cape of Good Hope. James K. Polk elected President.	Yellow fever in New York. Children's Aid Society, New York, founded.	South Carolina troops fire upon the "Star of the West."		
	Removal of 700 officeholders by Jackson. 1830 Commercial treaty with Turkey.	Mormon war in Illinois, murder of Joseph Smith; Brigham Young se- lected as his successor.	Walker's filibustering expedition to So- nora, Mexico. 1854 Commercial Treaty with Japan signed,	Georgia secedes, Jan. 18. Louisiana secedes, Jan. 26. Texas secedes, Feb. 1.	Battle of Winchester, Va.; Union loss, 115 killed, 450 wounded; Confederate	
	South Carolina asserts "States Rights." The Mormon church founded by Joseph Smith, April 6.	Copper discovered in Michigan. Texas asks for annexation. First telegraph line.	March 31. American, or Know-Nothing Society	Peace Convention assembled at Washing- ton, Feb. 4.	loss, 869 killed, wounded and missing, March 13. Battle of Newbern, N. C., March 14.	
	Building of the South Carolina railroad. American Institute of Learning founded.	1845 Texas annexed by Act of Congress, Mex- ico takes offense.	formed. Loss of the steamship Arctic. Cubans scize American mail-steamer	Provisional Government of Confederate States meets at Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 4.	Battle of Pittsburg Landing; Grant, Union commander; Gen. A. Sidney	-
•	Great debate between Webster and Hayne. 1831 Intense Tariff and Free Trade excitement.	Florida and Iowa admitted into the Union. War declared by Mexico, June 4.	Black Warrior, Feb. 28. First railway from Lake Michigan to the	Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, President, Feb. 8. Abraham Lincoln inaugurated President of	Johnston killed; Union loss, April 6 and 7, 13,573; Confederate loss, 10,699. Capture of Island No. 10, by Union	
	Garrison starts the "Liberator" anti-slav- ery paper. Death of James Monroe, July 4.	Naval school at Annapolis opened. Elias Howe produces his first sewing ma-	Mississippi, the Rock Island. American ship "Cavne" bombards Grey- town, Central America, on refusal to	the United States, March 4. Fort Sumter, Charleston Harbor, bom-	forces, April 8. Raid of Gen. Mitchell; capture of Hunts- ville, Ala., and Russellville, Tenn.	· .
	Manning mowing machines patented. Guthrie discovers chloroform.	chine. Great fire in Pittsburg. Serious fire in New York, 300 buildings	pay for property destroyed, June 12. Invention of the Iron Tower for iron- clad vessels, by Ericsson.	bardedbeing commencement of hostili- ties in the Civil War, April 12. Lincoln calls for 75,000 volunteers, April	Fort Pulaski, Ga., surrendered after three days' bombardment, to Union	
	Howe invents first practical pin machine. Buttons first made by machinery. Western College of Teachers established.	burned. Death of Justice Joseph Story. First manufacture of files.	Reciprocity Trcaty with England; settle- ment of the Fishery question, Aug. 2.	15. Proclamation announcing blockade of Southern ports, April 17.	forces, under Gen. Gilmore, April 11. Slavery abolished in District of Columbia, April 16.	
	1832 President Jackson vetoes the Bank Bill. New protective tariff measure passed.	Zachary Taylor, with 4,000 troops, ad- vanced to Corpus Christi, Texas.	Bill passed organizing Kansas and Nebraska as Territories, repealing the Compromise of 1820, which excluded	Federal troops attacked in Baltimore, April 19.	Bombardment of Fort Pillow, by Com- modore Foote, April 17.	
	South Carolina nullification movement. U. S. frigate "Potomac," attacks Qualla Batoo, Feb. 6.	Negotiations toward purchase of San Domingo. Death of Andrew Jackson, June 8.	slavery from the entire Louisiana pur- chase, May 24. Massachusetts Aid Society send out set-	Destruction of stores at Norfolk Navy Yard by Union commander, April 20. Maryland refuses to secede, April 27.	Mississippi river and takes New Orleans, passing Forts Jackson and Philip,	li i
	First case of Asiatic cholera in U. S. June 21. Black Hawk war, and his capture, Aug.	Free Soil party originated. 1846 Northwestern boundary fixed at 498. Hostilities begin in Mexico.	tlers to Kanšas. A. H. Reader, of Pennsylvania, ap-	Ellsworth shot at Alexandria by Jackson, May. Missouri turns over to Confederates entire	April 24. Gen. Butler in command at New Orleans, May 1.	
	27. University of New York organized, Sept. 26.	Battles of Palo Alto, May 8, and Resaca de la Palma, May 9; victory of Gen.	pointed Governor of Kansas. 1855 Territorial Legislature of Kansas meets at Shawnee, July; great emigration	control of financial and military re- sources of the State, May 2.	Yorktown evacuated, May 4. Surrender of New Orleans to Commodore Farragut.	
	Re-election of Andrew Jackson as Presi- dent.	Taylor. Matamoras taken, May 18. New Tariff bill passed, July 28.	to, Kansas. Free State men meet in convention at Topeka and form a Free State constitu-	Government call for 42,000 three years' volunteers, May 3. Arkansas secedes from the Union, May 6.	Battle of Williamsburg, Va., May 5. • Battle of West Point, May 7.	
	Death of Charles Carroll, last surviving signer of Declaration of Independence. 1832 Morse invents electric magnet telegraph.	President vetoes River Harbor bill, Aug. 3. "Wilson Proviso" against extension of	tion. Oct. 23. Hostilitics between the Free and Slave	Capt. Lyon receives surrender of Fort Jackson, May 10.	Norfolk surrendered to Gen. Wool, May 10. Destruction of the "Merrimac," by the Confederates, May 11.	
	Cholera in New York, 3,400 deaths. Fairbank's Scale first patented.	slavery passes the House. Gun-cotton invented.	State settlers begin. Sloux Indians defeated by Gen. Harney. Paraguayans attack United States	Baltimore occupied by General Butler, May 13. North Carolina secedes from the Union,	Natchez, Miss., surrenders to Commodore Farragut, May 13. Gen. Banks defeated at Winchester, May	
	1833 The President removes the public de- posits from the Bank of the United States.	. Great fire in Louisville. Ether first used as an anesthetic by Dr. Jackson.	stcamer, "Water-Witch." Completion of Niagara Suspension Bridge.	May 20. Butler in command at Fortress Monroe, May 22.	25. Battle of Seven Pines, Va., May 29.	
ſ	President Jackson begins his second term, March 4. The Southern States hold a states-right	1846 Gen. Kearney takes possession of New Mexico, Aug. 18. Commodore Stockton blockades Mexican	Court claims established. William Walker unsuccessfully invades	Advance of Union forces into Virginia, May 24. Death of Stephen A. Douglas, June 3.	Corinth evacuated, May 30. Little Rock captured, May 31. Battle of Fair Oaks; Union loss, heavy;	
ļ	Convention. Clay's Compromise Tariff law passed.	ports on Pacific coast. Monterey taken by Gen. Taylor, Sept. 24.	Nicaragua. Dispute with Great Britain concerning recruiting for the Crimea army.	Tennessee secoles from the Union, June 8, East Tennessee opposing it. Battle of Big Bethel, Va., June 10.	renewal of battle of Fair Oaks; success of Unionists.	
	Gayler invents first practical safe. Death of John Randolph, May 24. Removal of several Indian tribes west	Eight days' armistice granted. California expedition, under Stephenson, sails from New York, Sept. 26.	1855 British discovery ship "Resolute" aban- doned in Arctic sea; brought to New London.	July 4.	Unionists lose Brashear City, June 13. Slavery abolished by all the Territories, June 19.	
	of the Mississippi. Hoe's double-cylinder printing-press con- structed.	Tobasco, Mexico, bombarded by Perry, Oct. 25. Tampico taken by Gen. Connor, Nov. 14.	1856 Hoosac Tunnel begun. Victory of John Brown at Ossawatomie,	Battle near Carthage, Mo., July 5. 1861 Privateer "Sumter" escapes to sea, from	Forts Pillow and Randolph evacuated, June 4. Surrender of Memphis, June 6.	
	First successful reaper patented. Ericsson invents the caloric engine. 1834 Congress passes a vote of censure against	Kearney defeats Mexicans at San Pas- qual, Dec. 6. Col. Doniphan defeats Mexicans at Bra-	Kan. Republican party formed. Alden invents type-setting machine.	New Orleans, July 7. Battle of Carrick's Ford, W. Va.; Con- federate General Garnett killed.	Repulse of Confederates, at Springfield, Mo., June 8.	
ľ	the President for removing bank de- posits; subsequently expunged.	zito, Dec. 25. Gen. Taylor relieved by Gen. Scott.	Rock Island bridge, across the Mississippi, opened, April 11. Affray at Panama between passengers and	Battle of Romney, Va., June 11. West Virginia admitted as a State, June 11.	Seven days' fight before Richmond, un- der McClellan, June 26; Mechanicsville, June 26; Gaines' Mills, June 27; Sav-	ļ
	Lucifer matches first made. Walter Hunt invents first sewing ma- chine, but fails to perfect and patent.	The Mormons driven from Nauvoo, Ill. Iowa admitted as a State. 1847 Kearney victorious at San Gabriel and	natives, April 15. Page makes first wood type by ma-	Battle at Rich Mountain; Confederates, under Pegram, defeated by Rosecrans, July 11.	age Station and Peach Orchard, June	<b>]</b> .
ļ	Dr. Howe invents raised alphabet for use of the blind. 1835 Great fire in New York.	Mesa, Cal., Jan. 8, 9. Mexican Congress resolves to raise loan of \$15,000,000 on property of the clergy,	chinery. President declares creation of free state government in Kansas an act of re-	Battle near Centreville, Va., July 18. Destruction of the Confederate "Petrel"	James river. President Lincoln calls for 300,000 vol- unteers, July 1.	
-	Congress establishes branch mints in Georgia, North Carolina, and Louisi-	Jan. ? Revolt of Mexicans in New Mexico	bellion. Brooks' assault upon Charles Sumner. Dismissal of British envoy at Washington,	by frigate "St. Lawrence." Maryland invaded by Stonewall Jackson, 'July.	Murfreesborough captured by Forrest, July 5.	-
	ana, Government purchase Cherokee bonds for \$5,200,000.	against United States, Jan. 14. Defeat of insurgents at Canada, New Mexico, Jan. 24.	May 28. Introduction of sorghum, or Chinese sugar-	Battle of Bull Run; Union forces, under McDowell, defeated; Union killed and wounded, 1,490; Confederates, 1,593	Raid of Morgan in Kentucky, July 7. Surrender of Port Hudson, July 8. Death of Martin Van Buren, July 24.	
	<ul> <li>New York Herald established by Bennett, nett, Death of Chief Justice Marshall, July 6.</li> </ul>	Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 23; Taylor defeats Santa Anna. Battle of Sacramento; defeat of Mex-	Dudley observatory, Albany, inaugurated, Aug. 28.	killed and wounded, July 21. Gen. McClellan assumes command of army	Battle of Cedar Mountain, Va., Aug. 9; Union forces under. Banks, lose 1,500 killed, wounded, and missing; Confed-	2.0
	Roger Brooks Taney, appointed Chief Justice.	ıcans, Feb. 28. Gen., Kearney declares California a part	The government purchases the "Resolute;" refitted and presented to British Govern- ment.	in Virginia and on the Potomac. Battle of Laurel Hill, July 22. Battle of Drug Spring, Mo., under Gen-	rates, under "Stonewall" Jackson. Raid of Phillips into Mississippi, Aug. 16. Battle of Sulphur Springs, Va., Aug. 24.	· · ·
	Seminole Indian war renewed. Gas first introduced into Philadelphia. Brown makes first gold pens with dia-	of the United States, March 1. Vera Cruz taken by army and navy, March 28.	Loom for weaving Axminster carpets first patented. Election of James Buchanan as President.	eral Lyon; Southern forces defeated. Battle of Athens, Mo., under Gen. Lyon; Confederates defeated, Aug. 5.	Fighting on Rappahannock under Pope; Confederates under Ewell and Jackson,	1
	mond points. Guano becomes an article of commerce in the U. S.	Alvarado capitulates, April 2. Battle of Cerro Gordo, April 8; Scott defeats Mexicans; also at Contreras,	1857 Organization of the Fenian Brotherhood. Settlement of the Central American ques-	Battle of Wilson's Creek, Mo.; 5,200 men, under Gens. Lyon and Sigel, at-	Aug., 27. Gen. Bragg invades Tennessee and Ken- tucky.	· ·
	Massacre of Maj. Dade and his command in Florida.	Molino del Rey taken, Sept. 8.	tion. Death of Elisha Kent Kane, Arctic ex-	tack 24,000, under Gens. McCulloch, Price, etc.; Lyon killed; defeat of Sigel, Aug. 10.	Battle of Kettle Run, Va., Aug. 27. Battle of Groveton, Va., Aug. 29.	-
	1836 The national debt virtually paid. Arkansas admitted into the Union. Batile of San Jacinto, Texas; Santa	Gen. Scott enters the city of Mexico, Sept. 15.	plorer, Feb. 16. Robert J. Walker appointed Territorial Governor of Kansas.	President Lincoln's non-intercourse proc- lamation, Aug. 16. Gen. Butler and Commodore Stringham	Defeat of Union forces at Richmond, Ky., Aug. 29. Surrender of Memphis, Aug. 29.	<b>i</b> • •
	Anna defeated and a prisoner, April 21. Bequest of James Smithson to the U. S.	1848 Death of John Quincy Adams, Feb. 21. Gold discovered in California, March. Oneida Community, New York, estab-	Tancy renders Dred Scott decision, March 6. First attempt to lay Atlantic cable.	take Forts Hatteras and Clark on North Carolina coast, Aug. 28.	Second battle of Bull Run; defeat of Federals, Aug. 30.	
	of \$515,169. Smithsonian Institute at Washington founded.	lished. Wisconsin admitted into the Union, May 29.	Alden secures patent for condensed milk. Great financial crash.	Fort Morgan abandoned by Confederates, Aug. 30. Fremont issues proclamation freeing	Battle of Chantilly, Va.; Union Generals Kearney and Stevens killed, Sept. 1. Confederates cross Potomao into Mary-	
	Death of James Madison, June 28. Governor Call, of Georgia, invades Sem- inole country.	Missouri Compromise repealed. Election of Zachary Taylor as President. Corner stone of Washington Monument	New York, Boston and Philadelphia banks suspended, Oct. 14, 15. Banks resume specie payments, Dec. 12,	slaves in Missouri, Aug. 31. Battle of Carnifex Ferry, Gens. Rosecrans	Confederates cross Potomae into Mary- land, at Poolsville, Md., Sept. 1. Battle of South Mountain, Md.; Union victory; Gen. Jesse L. Reno killed.	-
	Sam Houston elected President of Texas, Oct. 22.	laid. Oregon Territorial bill passed, Aug. 13.	14. Murder of Dr. Burdell; arrest and trial	and Floyd, Sept. 10. Destruction of privateer "Judah," Sept. 13.	Harper's Ferry surrendered, after three days' fighting, by General Miles, Sept.	
	r Martin Van Buren elected President. Burning of the Patent and General Post- office at Washington.	First receipt of California gold at United States mint, Dec. 8. Treaty signed with Mexico, Feb. 2.	of Mrs. Cunningham, his mistress. Foundering of the "Central America" off Cape Hatteras; over 400 lives and \$2,-	Repulse of Confederates at Cheat Moun- tain, W. Va.	Battle of Antietam, between Gen. Mc-	
	- Texas declared independent. Sam Colt invents the revolver.	Upper California ceded to United States. Mexicans, unsuccessfully besiege Pueblo,	. 000,000 lost. Great religious revival throughout the	Battle of Lexington, Mo.; Col. Mulligan defends for four days against 26,000 <sup>33</sup> Confederates, but is forced to surrender;	Clellan and Gen. Lee. Retreat of the Confederates, Sept. 17. Battle of luka, Miss., between Gen. Rose-	
	I.S. First National Temperance Convention	held by Americans, Sept. 13 to Oct. 12. Huamantia taken by Americans, Oct. 9.	· country.	loss, 2,500 prisoners, and a large		

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